Composer: P.V.R. Narasimha Rao

Date: 2011 September 2

Metre: Saardoola Vikreeditam (tiger's play)

Verse:

tejaHpuMjanibhaM prabhaMjanasutaM shrI aMjanAraMjanaM. kausalyAtanyAMghrivArijagataM mattaM mahendindiraM. rakShojAlavidArakaM bhayaharaM laMkApurIdhvaMsakaM sItAshokavidUrakaM kapivaraM shrIrAmadUtaM bhaje..

तेजःपुंजनिभं प्रभंजनसुतं श्री अंजनारंजनं। कौसल्यातनयांघ्रिवारिजगतं मत्तं महेन्दिन्दिरं। रक्षोजालविदारकं भयहरं लंकापुरीध्वंसकं। सीताशोकविदूरकं कपिवरं श्रीरामदूतं भजे॥

Meaning:

One who shines like [nibhaM] a beam of [puMja] brilliant fire [tejaH], son [sutaM] of wind god []prabhaMjana], delights [raMjanaM] mother Anjana [aMjanA], an intoxicated [mattaM] big [mhA] bee [indindiraM] placed on [gataM] the lotus [vArija] called the feet [aMghri] of the son [tanaya] of Kausalya [kausalyA], one who rips apart [vidArakaM] the snare [jAla] of demons [rakSho], remover [haraM] of fears [bhaya], destroyer of [dhvaMsakaM] the city [purI] of "laM"ka (Mooladhara chakra) [laMkA], one who sends away [vidUrakaM] the distress [shoka] of Sita [sItA], great [varaM] monkey [kapi], I pray to [bhaje] the envoy [dUtaM] of Lord Rama [shrIrAma].

Comment:

The expression "sItAshokavidUrakaM" can be interpreted as done above, i.e. one who makes distant [vidUrakaM] Sita's [sItA] distress [shoka]. There is another way to interpret it. We can split it as sItA + ashoka + vidUrakaM, i.e. one who makes Sita leave the "Ashoka" garden of Ravana.